

Joint PASCAR, PAFCIC, SHS, & WHF African Congress 2017

Khartoum, Sudan. Oct 2017



Pacemaker Re-Use: an option in Africa?



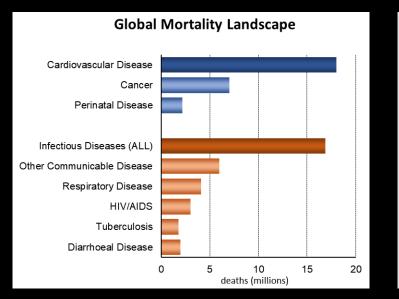
Professor Zaheer Yousef

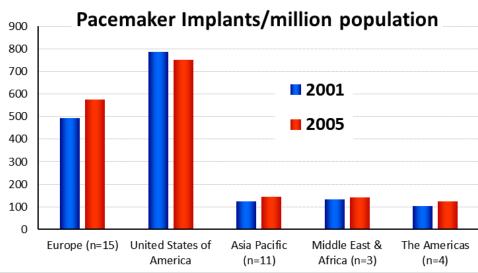
Consultant Cardiologist University Hospital of Wales, Cardiff, UK University of East Anglia, Norwich, UK

PASCAR pacemaker taskforce member Pace4Life: medical director

Conflicts of Interest: St Jude Medical/Abbott, Servier, Bristol Myers Squibb, Pfizer, Novartis, Astra Zeneca

Global Mortality: CV burden





- 250,000 people in Sub-Saharan Africa may die a sudden cardiac death each year
- <1% of Sub-Saharan Africans have access to pacing therapy

Tanzania:

- 50 million population (expect 25,000 implants/year); only one implanting centre
- 2016: 200 pts with heart block referred for permanent pacemaker
- 35 devices implanted (17.5%); 32/35 pts: health insurance cover

PASCAR

Mendis S. J Hypertension. 2007;25:1578

Mond HG. PACE 2008;31:1202

Pacing in Africa: challenges

Lack of pacing facilities

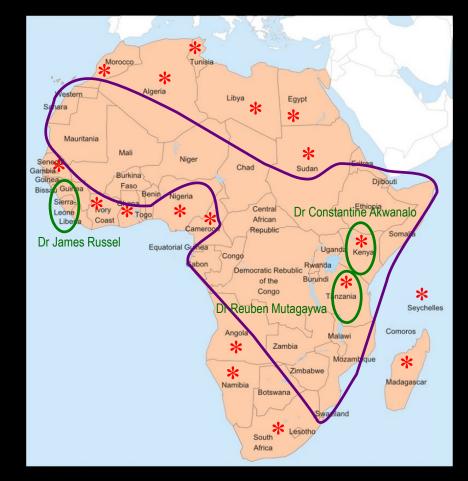
- 24/56 countries: EP service
- 16 countries: active service
- 5 countries: no service at all

Lack of trained personnel

- Training fellowships: South Africa
- Workshops: Sudan → perpetuate training

Access to devices

- \$2,570: basic VVIR device
- \$2/day: daily income in some countries
- Time-expired devices:
 - Legalities and commercial interests
 - Industry goodwill
- Re-used devices: 6 countries



Pacing Devices: re-use

Refurbished Mobile Phones



- Blood transfusions
- Heart, Kidney, Cornea, Face: transplants
- Bovine and Swine prosthetic valves
- Pig insulin, leeches/maggots for wound care



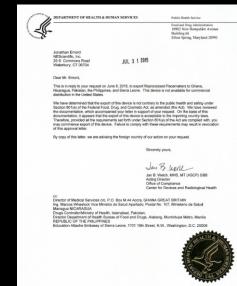


Dr Thomas Crawford Dr Kevin Weatherwax Professor Kim Eagle **University of Michigan**

Meticulous protocol



FDA export licence



Pacemaker Re-use: sources

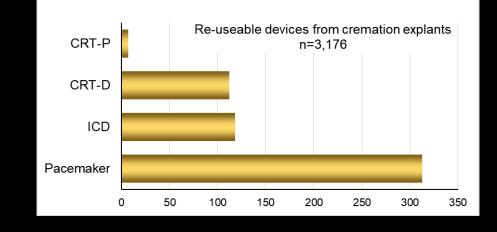
Planned explants

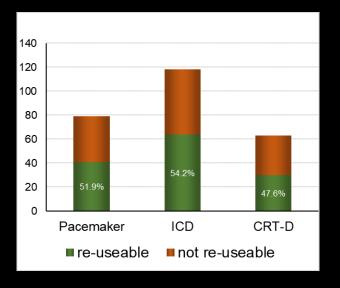
- Single center 4yr experience:
- 300 explants: **Not** ERI 30% (infection), 30% (upgrade)
 - Not on advisory
 - No mechanical failure
 - >4yrs battery life remaining

Post-Mortem explants

- 40% of pacemaker recipients >80yrs
- Median survival after ppm implant: 7yrs
- High cremation rates (>60%)
 Burial costs: >\$10,000 + annual up-keep

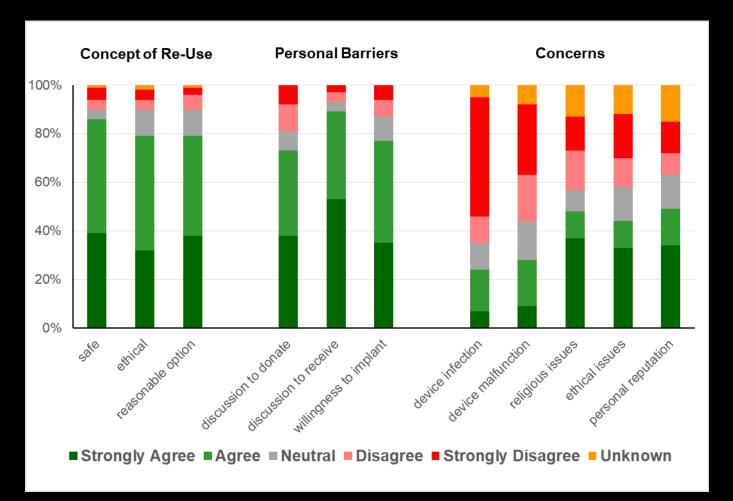
Device explant mandated (explosion risk)





Pacemaker Re-Use: SHS views

- SHS annual meeting Jan 2017; Medani, Sudan: audience questionnaire
- 141 responses: 55% (♂), 55%: 20-30yrs, 5% >50yrs, 90% Urban setting, 30% AHP



Pacemaker Re-Use: SHS views

Would you be willing to implant a re-used pacemaker in a member of your own family?



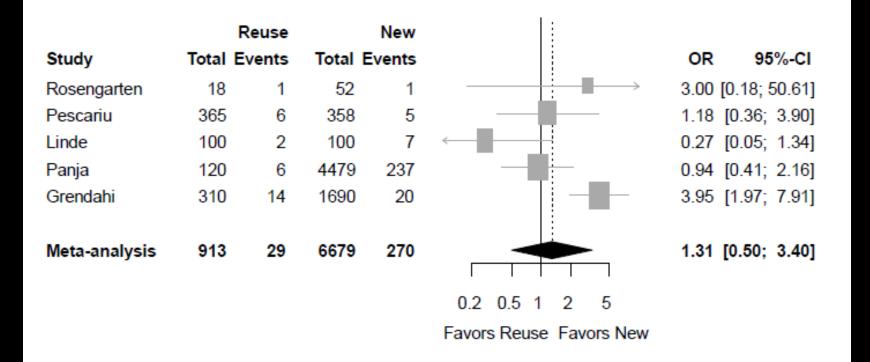
Pacemaker Re-use: registry data

Study	Country	Year of Study Completion	No. of Pacemakers Reused		Complications Related to Device Reuse	
					Infection	Device Failure
Balachander ²⁹	India	1988	140	<mark>6</mark> y	2	None
Pescariu et al ⁷	Romania	2001	365	35±21 mo	6	None
Linde et al ⁶	Sweden	1996	100	32±11 mo	2	Idiopathic ventricular tachycardia (n=1)
Panja et al ³⁰	India	1992	120	7.5±5.6 y	6	
Kruse ²⁶	Sweden	1985	487		1	Premature battery depletion (n=1) and set screw abnormality (n=1)
Kovacs et al ³¹	Hungary	1980	28		None	None
Cooperman et al ³²	Israel	1984	78		None	None
Mond et al33	Australia	1978	83		1	None
Amikam et al ³⁴	Israel	1982	132	5 y	3	None
Havia et al ³⁵	Sweden/Finland	1974	50	22 mo	1	None
Grendahl ⁵	Norway	1993	310		14	Technical error (n=4)
Costa et al ²⁷	Brazil	1982	22	16 mo	1	Electromagnetic inhibition $(n=1)$ and spontaneous reprogramming $(n=1)$
Rosengarten et al ⁸	Canada	1987	18	29 mo	1	Set screw abnormality $(n=2)$ and pectoral muscle inhibition $(n=1)$
Sedney et al ²⁸	Holland	1983	214	31.5 mo	1	Technical error (n=1)
Aren et al ³⁶	Sweden	1979	19	26 mo	None	None
Ferugilo et al37	Italy	1978	87	14 mo	1	None
Namboodiri et al ³⁸	India	2001	5	19.2 mo	None	None
Baman et al ²¹	Philippines	2008	12	4 mo	None	None
Total			2270	35±25 mo*	40	13

*Denotes mean ± SD duration of follow-up.

Pacemaker Re-use: meta-analysis

Infection

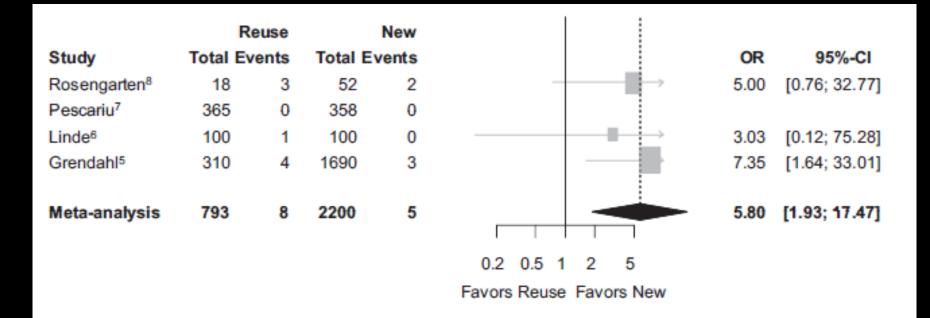


No evidence to suggest higher infection risk with re-used pacemakers

Baman TS. Circ Arrhy EP 2011;3:318

Pacemaker Re-use: meta-analysis

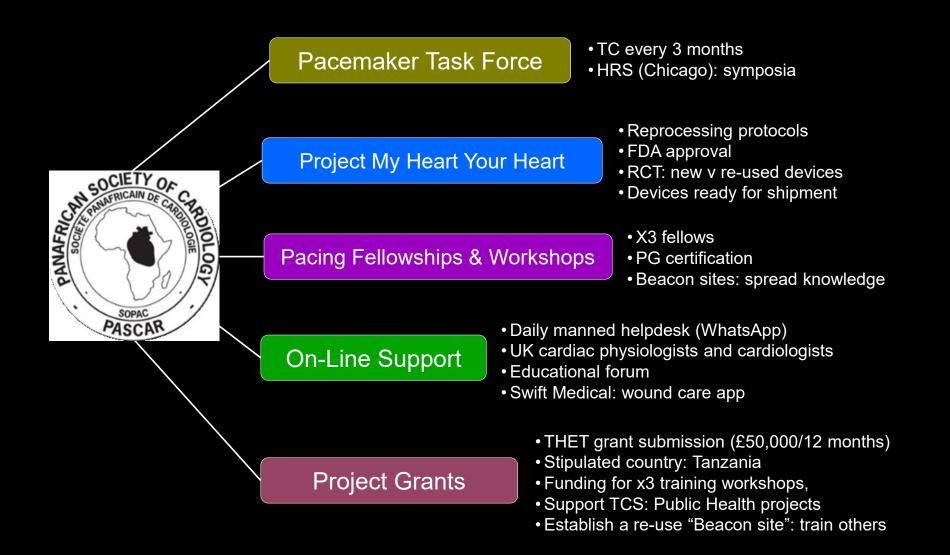
Electrical malfunction



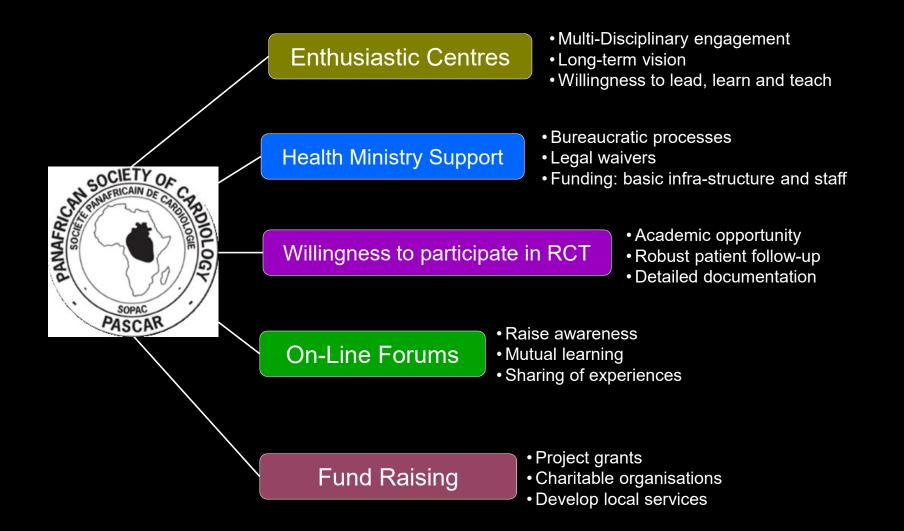
Small, but significant risk of device malfunction: (~5 events/>2,000 cases): almost all set screw/device header issues

Baman TS. Circ Arrhy EP 2011;3:318

Re-Pace Africa: where are we now?



Re-Pace Africa: we need you



Acknowledgments



Professor Bongani Mayosi (South Africa) Dr Mahmoud Sani (Nigeria) Mr George Nel (South Africa)



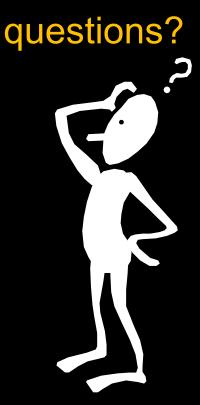
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